

CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS OF COVID 19 VACCINE NEWS ARTICLES IN JAKARTA POST

A Thesis

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By :

LENNY MAYLANA

NPM.1711040232

Study program : English Education

Advisor : Meisuri M.Pd

Co-Advisor : Yulan Puspita Rini M.A

**TARBIYAH AND TEACHER TRAINING FACULTY
RADEN INTAN ISLAMIC STATE UNIVERSITY
OF LAMPUNG**

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

A. Title Affirmation

The affirmation of this title is to avoid misunderstanding the meaning contained in understanding the thesis that the researcher means, it is necessary to explain some of the definitions contained in the title of this thesis. The title of this Thesis is Critical Discourse Analysis Of Covid 19 Vaccine News Articles In Jakarta Post.

In general, discourse is understood as statements. Discourse contains different meanings in different fields of science. The general public understands discourse as a conversation that occurs in society on a particular topic. According to Cook, discourse as text and context together, interacting in a way which is perceived as meaningful and unified by the participants (who are both parts of the context and observers).²

The term discourse used in critical discourse analysis (CDA) developed by social linguists such as Norman Fairclough, Teun van Dijk, Ruth Wodak has a different understanding from the above understanding. In this context, discourse is interpreted as statements that not only reflect or represent but also construct and shape social entities and relations.³

According to Teun Van Dijk critical discourse analysis (CDA) is a type of discourse analytic research that primarily studies how the abuse of social power, domination and inequality is enforced, reproduced, and rejected by texts and speech in social and political contexts. With such dissident research, critical discourse analysts take an explicit position, and thus wish to understand, expose, and ultimately reject social inequalities.⁴ Fairclough said that critical discourse analysis studies and analysis any type of discourse (written text, speech, gesture, symbols, signs posters, electronic and printed advertisement and any type of communication) that systematically communicate with us. Fairclough says that critical discourse analysis helps by analyzing certain discourse about the hidden issues of problems of society.⁵

The word critical in critical discourse analysis here is not meant to be interpreted negatively as opposing or showing the ugliness of the subject being examined. According to Wodak, critical is self-reflection through a process, and makes the structure of power relations

²Alim Sukrisno, "Discourse Analysis on Advertisement," *Language Circle Journal Of Language And Literature*, vol 4, no 2 (2010): 3, <https://doi.org/10.15294/lc.v4i2.898>.

³Widyastuti Purbani, "Analisis Wacana Kritis dan Analisis Wacana Feminis," *kritis.pdf&ved=2ahUKEwjw97Ob35_vAhUP73MBHZnXBqIQFjAAegQIBxAB&usg=AOvVaw1DSX_HXrlkmv uK7eqEL4GG*.

⁴*Ibid.*, 5.

⁵Luluk Khoiriyah, "Beauty Concept In Toothpaste Advertisement: A Critical Discourse Analysis" (Thesis, UIN Maulana Malik Ibrahim, 2016), 8

and ideologies which at first appear cloudy, fuzzy and unclear become clear. Critical also means being skeptical and open to alternative thoughts.⁶

Covid-19 (coronavirus disease 2019) is a disease caused by a new type of coronavirus, namely Sars-CoV-2, which was first reported in Wuhan China on December 31, 2019. Covid-19 can cause symptoms of acute respiratory problems such as fever above 38° C, cough and shortness of breath for humans. In addition, it can be accompanied by weakness, muscle pain, and diarrhea. In people with severe Covid-19, it can cause pneumonia, acute respiratory syndrome, kidney failure and even death. Covid-19 can be transmitted from human to human through close contact and droplets (splashes of liquid when sneezing and coughing), not through the air. The form of Covid-19 when viewed through an electron microscope (respiratory fluid / throat swab) and redraws the form of Covid-19 as a virus that has a crown.

Vaccination also called immunization, is the administration of a vaccine into a person's body to provide immunity against the disease. Vaccines are biological agents that have an immune response to specific antigens from pathogens that cause infectious diseases. Edward Jenner developed the first vaccine in 1796, which used cowpox to be inoculated against smallpox. It eventually became a global smallpox eradication agent, officially declared in 1980.⁷ Vaccines have been widely used to prevent various diseases. This does not rule out the possibility that a vaccine can be used to prevent the spread of covid-19, a disease which is now sweeping the world.

Based on the terms in title affirmation, the researcher can emphasize that what is meant by the title "Critical Discourse Analysis of Covid 19 Vaccine News Articles in Jakarta Post" is to analyze critical discourse analysis of a news article about Covid 19 Vaccination in Jakarta Post.

B. Background of the Problem

Language is part of the most basic human abilities. Language is an expression that contains the meaning of convey something to someone else. Something owned by the speaker can understand and what is understood by the listener or interlocutor through that language. Language has an important role in human life. Language has an important role in human life because it is the main communication tool. As a means of communication, language includes words, collection of words, clauses and sentences that are expressed orally or in writing. Brown states language is a system of arbitrary conventionalized vocal, written, or gestural symbols that enable member of a given community to communicate intelligibly with one another.⁸ Language plays an important role in communication activities in social life.

Discourse is a language unit in a collection of sentences used to communicate in a social context. The language unit can be a series of sentences or utterances. According to Darma, discourse is a development process of communication using symbols related to

⁶Purbani, Analisis Wacana Kritis dan Analisis Wacana Feminis, 7.

⁷Indah P. Sari, Sriwidodo, "Perkembangan Teknologi Terkini dalam Mempercepat Produksi Vaksin Covid-19," *Majalah Farmasetika*, vol 5, no 5 (2020): 3, <https://doi.org/10.24198/mfarmasetika.v5i5.28082>.

⁸Theresia Aprina, dkk, "The Effect of using Collaborative writing Method on Students' Writing Recount Text at Grade Ten of SMK YP 1 HKBP Pemartang Siantar," *Acitya: Journal of Teaching and Education*, vol 2, no 2 (2020): 95, <http://journals.umkt.ac.id/index.php/acitya>.

interpretations and events in the system society.⁹ Discourse is a form of verbal communication. In terms of language used, discourse is divided into two, namely spoken discourse and written discourse. Oral discourse is a form of written communication that involves readers and listeners. While written discourse is a form of written communication that involves the writer and reader.

Discourse consists of several forms, including complete essays (novel, book, encyclopedia series) or informational article, for example newspaper. Discourse is also used to describe something, translate, analyze social and political news presented through text. Discourse is not only seen from the linguistic aspect, but also how the relationship between language and certain context, including certain goals of a social, political, and health news. One form of presentation of discourse by the mass media is news.

News is a report that contains information that is actual, current, and based on facts. The news text also contains information that is important, worthy or wants to be known by the general public. According to Mitchel Charnley, news is fastest report of an event that factual, important, and interesting to readers. News shows an emphasis on the information aspect, especially information about events in social life. In modern era, many media are used to spread news. The media give information or news through radio, television, or newspaper. Now, the media is growing with the online mass media.

In online media, Information is not only expressed in the form of videos and photos but also provides in the form of written or printed media. Over time, print media has been supplanted by increasingly sophisticated technological developments so as to bring changes to the shape, format, structure, texture and model of the advertisement, without affecting or changing the actual authenticity. Print media includes a wide variety of book, magazine, newspaper whose content is about article on the theme of politics, art, culture, literature, public opinions and information about health.

Newspaper is one of the journalist's print media, which contains information or news about human life, ranging from political, health, legal, social, economic until advertising. Newspaper or print media has a positive value where the news is presented more accurately because of its truth in maintaining the completeness and value of news compared to news in online media which more catching up with the speed of presenting news without thinking about the completeness of the elements and quality of the news. Print media has an important role in constructing society regarding the discourse that was built or the events that occurred. Events are packaged into discourses through well production so that people believe the news. Some of the events that can be packaged in the mass media can come from sports, education, economics, health, and others.

In 2020, the news in the mass media was filled with news about the outbreak of Covid 19 caused by the corona virus in some countries. The outbreak of the corona virus had an impact on life, both from a political, economic, social and educational perspective. Many people have lost their jobs, the economy has declined, and student activities at school have become limited. A person who is infected with the corona virus also has a bad impact on his life, not even a few are not saved because of being infected with the corona virus. To deal with

⁹Mukhamad Hermato, "Wacana Lisan dalam Iklan Djarum 76: Kajian Ancangan Etnografi Komunikasi," Universitas Muhamadiyah Malang, vol 2, no 1 (2017):35.

the increasing spread of the Covid19 outbreak, many companies or countries have issued vaccines to prevent Covid19.

Regarding the news about covid 19 vaccination, here the media can also determine how the safety of the covid 19 vaccine used can be conveyed to the public. Starting from the safety of the use of vaccines to the ingredients of the vaccine. News about the Covid-19 vaccination quickly spread throughout the world. In 2021, almost all Indonesia media, including Jakarta Post reports about the presence of the covid 19 vaccine. This covid 19 vaccination case has received attention from the public. Recently, the news published by Jakarta Post has also attracted a lot of public attention. The news provided the information about the safety and ingredients that contain in the Covid 19 Vaccine.

The Jakarta Post published news about the existence of AstraZeneca vaccine and cases of death of a man and was associated with the use of the vaccine. The news from the Jakarta Post contains pro and contra that attract people's attention. The pro and contra include:

- 1) Antivaxxers and conspiracy theories run rampant in city halls and on social media, sowing doubts about this miracle of modern medicine.
- 2) The Indonesian Ulema Council (MUI) announced that the AstraZeneca vaccine was haram because the manufacturing process uses "trypsin extracted from pork pancreas"
- 3) AstraZeneca defended its products and disagree with announcement from MUI
- 4) The title mentioning the cases of death in men attracted the attention of the public and anti-vaccine groups.

The rise of news and interviews on online news media about vaccination make the researcher interested in analyzing the news. The critical discourse analysis techniques become the basis of the researcher in this study. As a theory that uses a critical approach in analyzing language, critical discourse analysis does not only analyze language in terms of its language, but also relates to the context because critical discourse analysis seeks to reveal activities, views, and language identities used in a discourse.¹⁰

Critical discourse analysis (CDA) also plays an important role in the development of education, especially in the field of language. In language education, especially English, there are four skills that must be learned, including listening, reading, writing, and speaking. One of the skills that is often used is writing. Making up ideas or writing the stories is a lesson that must be learned in writing skills.

Basically, learning to compose affects student's interest in writing essay. However, it turns out that there is no relationship between the given theory and the ability of students to produce quality essay. This is because the teacher has not a deep understanding of various genres of writing essays, so that in the learning process there is no transmission of these skills from the teacher to the students. As the result, the students are not able to put idea into writing certain types of essays. To achieve the purpose of learning writing skills needs various alternative learning models.

In the connection, with critical discourse analysis (CDA), students are expected to get used to being critical and creative in responding to various phenomena and meanings

¹⁰MiftahulJannah, "AnalisisWacanaKritis Norman FaircloughTerhadapKontroversiPuisi "Ibu Indonesia" KaryaSukmawatiSoekarnoputri" (Thesis, UniversitasNegeriSunanAmpel Surabaya, 2019), 7.

contained in the literary work and they pour it in the form of an essay that has own characteristic. The students understanding of the various meanings and values that contained in the types of discourse is the main priority of this CDA model.

The models used in critical discourse analysis are as follow:

- 1) Critical discourse analysis by Norman Fairclough
The discourse analysis by Faiclough is called the Dialectical-Relational Approach (DRA) or also known as the social change approach.
- 2) Critical discourse analysis by Theo Van Leeuwen
This discourse analysis model is to find out how a group is raised or hidden. Van Leeuwn's analysis shows how the parties and actors (social actors) are presented in the news.
- 3) Critical discourse analysis by Teun A. Van Dijk
Discourse by Van Dijk is described as having three dimensions, namely text, social cognition, and social context. Van Dijk combines these three dimensions of discourse into a unified analysis.
- 4) Critical discourse analysis by Ruth Wodak
The formulation of procedure for critical discourse analysis of the Wodak model is carried out in three dimension: first, determining the specific content or topic of a specific discourse. Second, Studying or investigating discursive strategies. Third, analyzing the realization of written and specific linguistic meanings, as well as linguistic meanings in certain contexts.
- 5) Critical discourse analysis by Sara Mills
Discourse analysis by Mill emphasizes how women are represented in the text.

In this study, the researcher will use Teun A. Van Dijk's critical discourse analysis model. The researcher will use the Van Dijk's model because the news is related to information about covid vaccination. So in analyzing the news not only the structure of the text, but also on social cognition, and social context. So the Van Dijk model is easier to analyze the news from the Jakarta Post, considering that the news about vaccine is also developing in people's lives. Critical discourse analysis studies are usually used in analyzing news texts, poetry, and short stories. The researcher chose to use the critical discourse analysis method because it was considered more capable of getting the maximum results expected when using this method. In a news there are text that combine into a series of sentences which have their own meaning. According to the description above, the researcher uses Van Dijk's critical discourse analysis to analyze the structure of discourse, social cognition, and social context of the Covid 19 news.

C. Focus and Sub Focus of the Research

Based on the above background, this study is limited to the analysis of discourse related to the theory of Van Dijk. The object of research is Editorial text. The article was published in the Jakarta Post March 24, 2021 with the title "Vaccine Save Lives" and May 17, 2021 edition entitled "Indonesian Suspends AstraZeneca Covid 19 Vaccine Batch After Death".

D. Formulation of the Problem

Based on the background that has been written, the researcher makes some formulations of the problem related to the research as follows :

1. How is text structure of The Jakarta Post's editorial of Covid 19 vaccine?
2. How is social cognition of The Jakarta Post's editorial of Covid 19 vaccine?
3. How is social context of The Jakarta Post's editorials of Covid 19 vaccine?

E. Objective of the Research

Based on formulation of problem above, the objective of this research are:

1. To know the text structure that used by Jakarta Post in presenting Covid 19 vaccine
2. To know the social cognition of the Jakarta Post in presenting Covid 19 vaccine
3. To know the the social context of The Jakarta Post in presenting Covid 19 vaccine

F. Significance of the Research

1. The theoretical benefits is the researcher hopes that this research will give contribution to the theoretical development Van Dijk discourse analysis concept and become the reference to do the further research about critical discourse analysis.
2. The practical benefit of this research is can contribute to all language users, especially society or public to receive and understand explanations about covid19 vaccination.

G. Relevance Studies

The relevance studies is intended as a review that aims to avoid any similarities from previous research and also to review the results of previous research and will be used as a research reference. Some of the studies found and related to this research include:

Thesis written by Luluk Khoiriyah from Maulana Malik Ibrahim State Islamic University entitled Beauty Concept in Toothpaste Advertisement : A Critical Discourse Analysis. This study analyze a advertisement using a critical discourse analysis by Norman Fairclough. This study shows that toothpaste advertisements create ideological concept about woman by certain linguistic strategies. Finally the positive representation of the toothpaste advertisement makes viewers believe in a beauty concept that beautiful women should have white, young, and fresh teeth.

The research by Andri Donal from Sebelas Maret University. Thesis under the title Critical Discourse Analysis on Language and Power in ELT aims to describe the power in language reprobated in the speech acts and to explore the effects of power in language done by teachers toward students' learning attitude. The research findings show that in the classroom, a teacher represents power in language into some speech acts forms, including directive, assertive and power in the language into some speech acts form and the application of teacher's power in speech acts forms can influence students' learning attitude.

The next research is journal from Andhika, Mayasari, and Fardiah entitled SARA'S Representation in Detik.Com News Portal (Fairclough's Critical Discourse Analysis Statement by the Head of BPIP Calling Religion to be the Greatest Enemy of Pancasila).

Critical discourse analysis used is the Norman Fairclough model. This research was compiled because of the interest of researchers to see how SARA is represented in the statement of the Head of BPIP who said religion was the greatest enemy of Pancasila in detik.com.

In this research, the researcher analyzed the news about Covid 19 vaccine on the Jakarta Post media. There is a difference from the previous research, this research uses Teun Van Dijk's analysis which consists of three categories, including text structure, social cognition, and social context.

H. Research Method

1. Research Design

Method is really needed and important which are used to find and to get closer to the answer of the problem. In a research, method becomes an important part to find the answer and to analyze the result. In writing the research uses any type of data collection method, focus on qualitative research in descriptive this research. According to Lexy J Moleong, qualitative research is a method of research that can produce descriptive data in the form of words written or spoken from people and observed respondents.¹¹ In qualitative research, the writer use descriptive research.

In this thesis, the researcher will use descriptive qualitative method. A method of descriptive qualitative is a method that use in investigating the social sciences and humanity (humanitarian science and to understand the symptoms, facts, reality, and experienced by human. The characteristics of the data that shown by the object is matched with the characteristics that mentioned by this method. Which is in this research, the data is in words form. Qualitative descriptive method is a research method that use qualitative data and described in descriptively. Nana Sukmadinata states qualitative descriptive is intended to describe and existing phenomena, both natural and engineered humans. In addition, descriptive research does not provide treatment, manipulation or modification of the variables studied, but rather describes a condition as it is.

Descriptive analysis method is done by describing the facts and the followed by analysis. It means that analyzing about descriptive data are used documentation in this research. By using this qualitative research, the researcher can analyze the news script and get answer about the question in analyzing critical discourse analysis in news of Jakarta Post.

2. Data Source

In this research, the data source of this research are the textualis text editorial Jakarta Post March 24, 2021 edition entitled Vaccines Save Lives and editorial Jakarta Post May 17, 2021 edition entitled Indonesia Suspends AstraZeneca Covid 19 Vaccine Batch After Death. In addition, the data source used is from writings related to Covid 19 vaccination published in the online mass media. The researcher used several articles published in the mass media. Data reference also from written reference by some other figure associated with the object at discuss in this research and from from books, journals, article, and several studies related to the research topic.

¹¹MiftahulJannah, "AnalisisWacanaKritis Norman FaircloughTerhadapKontroversiPuisi "Ibu Indonesia" KaryaSukmawatiSoekarnoputri" (Thesis, UniversitasNegeriSunanAmpel Surabaya, 2019), 13.

3. Research Instrument

In every research, a tool is needed that is used to dissect the problems contained in the research, the tool called the research instrument. As stated by Arikunto research instrument is a tool or facility used by researcher in collecting data to make their work easier and better result, being more accurate, complete, and systematic so that it is easier processed.¹²

The instrument in this research is a researcher as a main instrument to obtain the data. The researcher read and understands the text. In addition, the reseacher uses a table Van Dijk's critical discourse analysis. The results of the analysis with the table then clarified with a broader description of each point. Below is a table of this research instrument:

Table of Critical Discourse Analysis by Teun Van Dijk

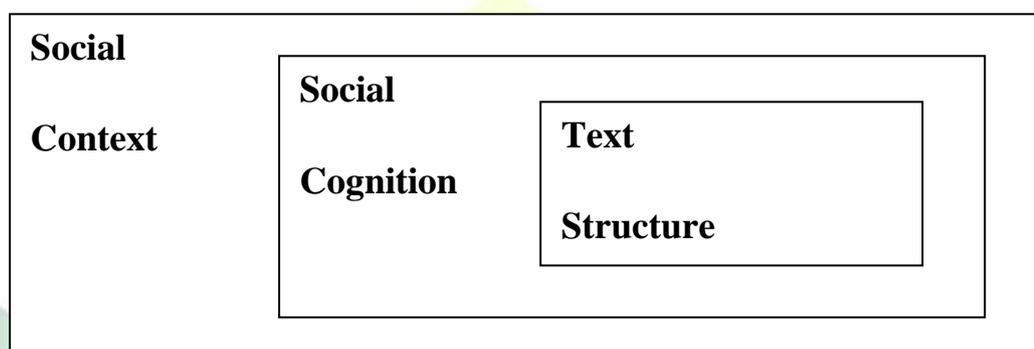


Table of Text Structure

Table 1: Macro Structure

Elements	Description
Thematic Theme	

Table 2: Superstructure

Elements	Description
Headline	
Lead	
New Story	

¹² Triana Budi Utami, "Analisis Qacan Kritis Teks Jurnalistik Pada Surat Kabar Online" (Thesis, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia. 2014), 10.

Table 3: Micro Structure

Elements	Description
1. Semantic Detail Presupposition	
2. Syntax Coherence Reference	
3. Stylistic Lexicon	
4. Rhetoric Graphic Methapor Number	

4. Data Collecting

According to Arikunto, the definition of data collection techniques is a method that can be used by researchers to collect and obtain data, where this method shows something abstract, so that it cannot be manifested in visible objects, but can be demonstrated in use.¹³ In collecting data, the researcher use the documentation technique. Documentation is used to collect data from sources such as documents and records and internet. Which some steps is mentioned and explains as follows :

a. Searching the news and download the news

The first for collecting the data, the researcher searching the news. It was look for the news in the Jakarta Post. After the data found, the researcher download news from the Jakarta Post entitled Vaccine Save Lives and Indonesia Suspends AstraZeneca Covid 19 Vaccine Batch After Death.

b. Read and identifying the news

Identifying the Covid 19 vaccine editorial in both of editorial Jakarta Post based on Van Dijk's discourse, text structure, social cognition, social context.

c. Marking or coding the data

Give a marking or code in both of editorial Jakarta Post about the Covid 19 vaccine, such as marking line and paragraph.

- We can of course ask why a vaccination program, which should only rely on science for planning and implementation, should consider the input or fatwa of what should be a truly religious institution? (paragraph 5)

¹³Miftahul Jannah, "AnalisisWacanaKritis Norman Fairclough Terhadap Kontroversi Puisi "Ibu Indonesia" Karya Sukmawati Soekarnoputri" (Thesis, Universitas Negeri Sunan Ampel Surabaya. 2019), 14.

- The journalist present numbers such as Now we are in a pandemic once in a century. (line 8)
 - However, religious institutions such as MUI should only act as advisors and do not have the final say on whether consumers should use certain drugs and not others. (t1, p6)
- d. Categorize the data

The researcher made some classified type of critical discourse analysis. The categorize was divided into three types instead text, social cognition, and social context.

5. Data Analysis

Data analysis is a way to process the data from research into new information that can used in making conclusion. After collecting data the resresearcher analyze the data clearly. The researcher did some step to analyze the data, as follows :

After the data collect, these are the steps conducted during the rsearch.

- a. Identifying the data
The researcher identified some element of critical discourse analysis (text structure, social cognition, social context) in the both of news from the Jakarta Post
- b. Analyzing and explaining text structure by macro structure, superstructure, and micro structure
- c. Analyzing and expalining social cognition by identifying what the purpose of this news is published
- d. Analyzing and explaining social context by identifying the existing social condition and the relationship the news
- e. Making conclusion
After all the data have been analyzed, described and explained in the research, the writer made the conclusion of the research.

6. Trustworthiness of data

In these research, the researcher will use “Triangulation” technique. Beside, it is important to note that qualitative analysis relies heavily on a process of triangulation. In this qualitative applied various methodologies for keeping validity of data in order to have more accurate results. The qualitative validity means that researcher was checking all the accurancy that find by employing certain procedure.¹⁴ In these cases, triangulation is the process to increase the validity in various viewpoints, approach or method. Triangulation also assist for eliminating bias then can identify some errors or inconsistencies in studies. As stated by Gary and Nancy assumed that a triangulation utilize the multiple data sources, data collection approach then some theories for validating the result findings.¹⁵

¹⁴ Garry Anderson & Nancy Arsenalt ,*Fundamental Of the Educational Research* ,(London :Falmer Press ,2005), 190.

¹⁵ Gary Anderson , *Op.Cit*,139.

In qualitative research, triangulation is highest priority method in determining internal validity.

1. Data Source Triangulation

Data source included persons, times, places, and etc.

2. Method Triangulation

Method triangulation included observation, interview document.

3. Investigator Triangulation

Investigator triangulation included investigators, such as investigator A, investigator B, etc.

4. Theory Triangulation

Theory triangulation included theories from the profesional research literature.¹⁶ In this research, the researcher used researcher or investigator triangulation in this research, to check validity of the data. The source of the data refered to the text of the Jakarta Post news that would be used in the research. The data was checked by asking the expert. Thus, the researcher has asked Mliss Pebriana Khairu Zakiyah, M.Pd to be investigator.

I. Systematic Discussion

To obtain a complete and integrated conclusion, the systematic preparation of the discussion in this study as a whole which consists of several chapters and each chapter consists of several sub-chapters with the following:

CHAPTER I Introduction, is the first chapter of the discussion at it contains an explanation of the title affirmation, background of the problem, Focus and Sub Focus of the Research, Formulation of the Problem, Objective of the Research, significance of the research, relevance studies, research method, systematic discussion.

CHAPTER II literature review, is a discussion chapter on theoretical studies that aims to analyze research, which includes an explanation of critical discourse analysis theory and theory of critical discourse analysis by Teun A Van Dijk, discusses the definition and structure of news, and covid 19 vaccination.

CHAPTER III a description of the research object, the chapter that discusses the general description of the object and the presentation of the facts and research data. Discuss the history also vision and mission of the company. This chapter also explains the phenomenon of covid 19 and the prevention through covid 19 vaccination.

¹⁶Matthew B. Miles, A. Michael Huberman and Johnny Saldana, *Qualitative Data Analysis: a Methods Sourcebook*, (Arizona : Sage Publications, 2014), 261-262.

CHAPTER IV Research analysis, a chapter that contains data analysis related to the text article entitled Vaccines safe Lives and Indonesia Suspends AstraZeneca Covid 19 Vaccine Batch After Death then analyzed using critical discourse analysis by Teun A Van Dijk and the researcher finding about the meaning of the phenomena that occur, comparing with previous research.

CHAPTER V Closing, in this chapter the authors end this research by providing conclusions that aim to provide general answers contained in the formulation of the problem, which then do not forget to provide a useful suggestion for further research.



CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

Afer analyze the data and getting the result, the researcher summerize the results of her study. The researcher focuses on the structures of critical discourse analysis, social cognitive, and social context in news of the Jakarta Post. The macrostructure found in this article is thematic. In the thematic element, the Jakarta Post uses the headline in easy to understand and positive language so that it attract the attention of the readers. In opening the paragraph, the Jakarta Post uses sentences that presents meaning in directly. The superstructure is analyze the sequence of information from events for easy to understyanding. The micro structure is analyze semantic, syntax, stylistic, and rhetoric. The Jakarta Post presents the news with direct and inderect words. The style of language that used also attract the attention of the readers. In social cognition, the Jakarta Post shows criticism of the Indonesian Ulema Council (MUI) because of its decision that brings pro and contra regarding the AstraZeneca vaccine. The Jakarta Post sided with the Food and Drug Administration (BPOM) and the government in providing the vaccine. The sosial analysis in this news shows that in social life, the publics will follow the decision from the government or country.

B. Suggestion

Based on the result of the research, the researcher would like to provide some suggestions. The suggestion is pointed as follows:

1. The readers

The readers who want knowing the developmenet and structure of the news, the researcher hopes that this research can help the readers to know the structure of a news and how the publishers make and publish a news about the information that is happening. There are many media can used to get information and news. One of them is the newspaper from Jakarta Post. By knowing the structure of the news, the readers can find out the meaning of the text being reported more easily.

2. The next researcher

For the next researcher who want to conduct about critical discourse analysis, the researcher hopes this research become a source of reference for the next researcher. It would be better if the next researcher not only analyzed the news, but it could be in the form of speech, or other literaly works.

3. To the english teacher

As the result of this research, the researcher give suggestion for the english teacher that the use of a news can be used in providing subject matter. From the news can learn about the theme, title, or other text structure.

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QuranEnc.com, p.395

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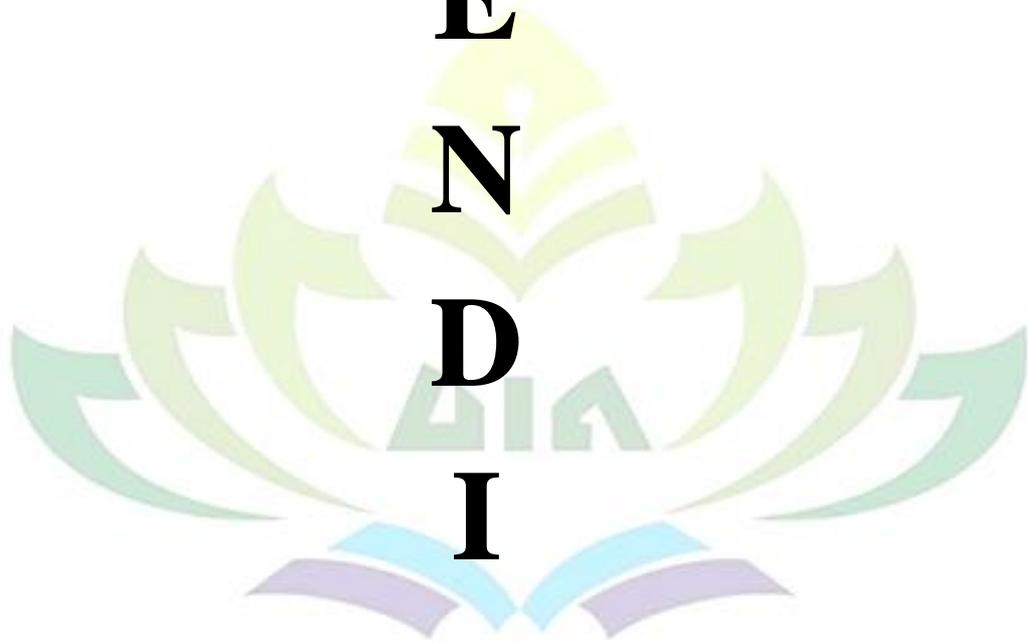
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APPENDIX

The **Jakarta** Post

Vaccines Save Lives

Editorial Board The Jakarta Post / Wed, March 24, 2021 / 01:00 pm

Even during the best of times, when there are no on going public health emergencies, and in the best places where the health infrastructure is in place, vaccinations are increasingly difficult to administer.

Antivaxxers and conspiracy theories run rampant in city halls and on social media, sowing doubts about this miracle of modern medicine. These antivaxxers have made unsubstantiated claims that vaccines could be linked to autism or the very stupid accusation that Bill Gates designed a computer chip that could be used with any vaccine and used to spy on us.

Now we are in a pandemic once in a century, and with mass vaccination being the only way out of this public health crisis, it certainly doesn't help the country's supreme Ulama Council, the Indonesian Ulema Council (MUI) claiming that one of the vaccines used by the government violates Islamic law.

Last weekend, MUI announced that the AstraZeneca vaccine was haram because the manufacturing process uses "trypsin extracted from pork pancreas". According to Islamic law, Muslims are prohibited from touching pork, let alone consuming animal products. In response, AstraZeneca defended its products by saying that "at all stages of the production process, this viral vector vaccine does not use or come into contact with pork or other animal products".

In the end, MUI allowed Muslims in the country to take the vaccine, even though it was not halal, considering that the COVID-19 emergency requires the government to take quick action. But the big announcement about an illegitimate vaccine may have provided enough reason for vaccine skeptics not to accept government-sponsored injections. We can of course ask why a vaccination program, which should only rely on science for planning and implementation, should consider the input or fatwa of what should be a truly religious institution?

The government certainly takes religion seriously when assigning MUI to decide when the our medicines and food are safe for consumption for religious reasons. However, religious

institutions such as MUI should only act as advisors and do not have the final say on whether consumers should use certain drugs and not others.

So far, MUI has given the go-ahead for China's Sinovac vaccine, Corona Vac, and a half-hearted nod to AstraZeneca. The government is working to secure vaccines produced by companies such as Pfizer and Moderna. This also has to go through the MUI. During a pandemic, when fast action is needed to stop the spread of disease, adding layers of bureaucracy is not the best idea.

When asked for comments on the MUI's decision to declare the AstraZeneca vaccine haram, Head of the Food and Drug Administration (BPOM) Penny Lukito said: "This country does not belong to one group. Decisions have been made and we must stick to them." As the highest authority in determining the safety of our food and medicine, of course BPOM has the right to dismiss MUI's comments. After all, "render unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's".



The **Jakarta** Post

Indonesia Suspends AstraZeneca COVID-19 Vaccine Batch After Death

Jakarta. Mon, May 17, 2021

The Indonesian government said Sunday it has suspend the distribution and use of a batch of AstraZeneca Plc's coronavirus vaccine following the death of a 22-year-old man a day after his inoculation with the vaccine.

The Ministry of Health called the suspension "a prudent effort by the government to ensure the safety of the vaccine," and said it plans to continue to use other batches of the vaccine it has received.

The results of sterility and toxicity tests by the Drug and Food Monitoring Agency are expected to come out within one to two weeks, Kyodo News reported.

The batch in question, consisting of about 450,000 doses, arrived last month. It is part of the 3,852,000 AstraZeneca doses that Indonesia has received through the World Health Organization-backed COVAX facility.

COVAX is an international vaccine distribution platform set up to ensure equitable access to shots for developing countries.

Local media reported that the man received a jab from the batch in the capital Jakarta on May 5 and died the next day. The batch had been distributed to Jakarta and North Sulawesi Province in central Indonesia, as well as to the military, according to the ministry.

Indonesia has fully inoculated almost 9 million of its 187 million eligible citizens under a nationwide vaccination drive that started in mid-January.

Meanwhile, Countries belonging to the G7 and the European Union can afford to donate more than 150 million vaccines to countries in need without compromising their own goals, UNICEF said Monday, quoted by AFP.

The world's seven richest states and the EU could help close the world's vaccine gap by sharing just 20 percent of their June, July and August stocks with the Covax jab scheme for poorer nations, a study by British firm Airfinity showed.

"And they could do this while still fulfilling their vaccination commitments to their own populations," UNICEF director Henrietta Fore said.

The UK is due to host its fellow G7 member states Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan and the US for a summit in June.

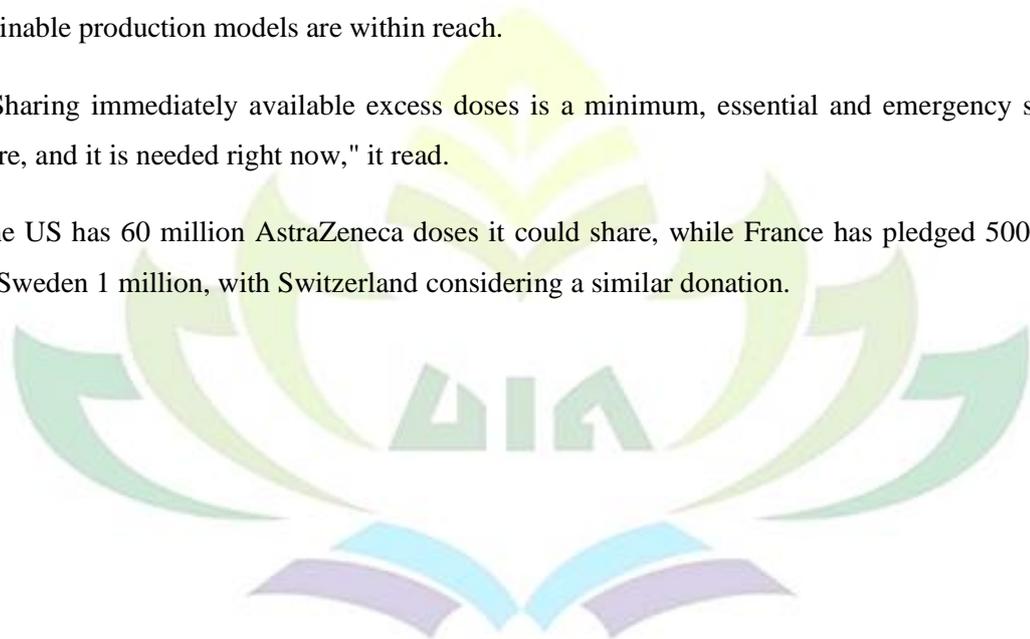
By that time UNICEF said the Covax programme being co-led by Gavi the Vaccine Alliance, along with the World Health Organization (WHO) and Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI) will find itself 190 million doses short of what it had planned to distribute.

The shortfall is in part due to a devastating flare-up of the virus in India, which was due to manufacture and export the majority of Covax doses and is now instead putting them to use at home.

With additional shortages in supplies and funding, the statement called for swift action until more sustainable production models are within reach.

"Sharing immediately available excess doses is a minimum, essential and emergency stop-gap measure, and it is needed right now," it read.

The US has 60 million AstraZeneca doses it could share, while France has pledged 500,000 doses and Sweden 1 million, with Switzerland considering a similar donation.





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PROGRAM STUDI PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS

Alamat: Jl. Letkol H. Endro Suratmin Sukarame Bandar Lampung Telp. 0721-780887 fax.0721-780422

SURAT KETERANGAN VALIDASI

Yang bertandatangan di bawah ini :

Nama : Pebriana Khairu Zakiyah, M. Pd.
 Instansi : Institut Agama Islam Negeri Bengkulu (IAIN Bengkulu)
 Jabatan : Dosen
 Bidang : Pendidikan

Telah membaca data hasil analisis penelitian skripsi dengan judul “*Critical Discourse Analysis Of Covid 19 Vaccine News Articles In Jakarta Post*” oleh peneliti:

Nama : Lenny Maylana
 NPM : 1711040232
 Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Setelah memperhatikan data hasil analisis yang telah dilakukan, maka **masukan** untuk hasil analisis dalam penelitian tersebut adalah:

- 1. Cek ulang penulisan dan analisis dari teks berita supaya tepat dan jangan lupa melihat acuan yang digunakan baik dari buku atau jurnal**
- 2. Rapihkan tabel beserta isinya.**

Demikian surat keterangan ini dibuat agar dapat digunakan dalam pengabsahan data di dalam skripsi.

Bandar Lampung, 9 September 2021
 Validator

Pebriana Khairu Zakiyah, M. Pd.